Wiltshire Children and Young People's (8 to 18+ years) Health and Wellbeing Survey 2021

Emotional Health and Wellbeing

77 Wiltshire schools took part in the survey, with 7,499 responses between 3 school phases

Emotional health and wellbeing themes include: wellbeing measures, sleep, relationships, bullying, selfharm, worry and support To access the full report,

which will give more detail and breakdowns of questions by gender and vulnerable groups, please click here.

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(Warwick-Edinburgh Mental Wellbeing Scale)

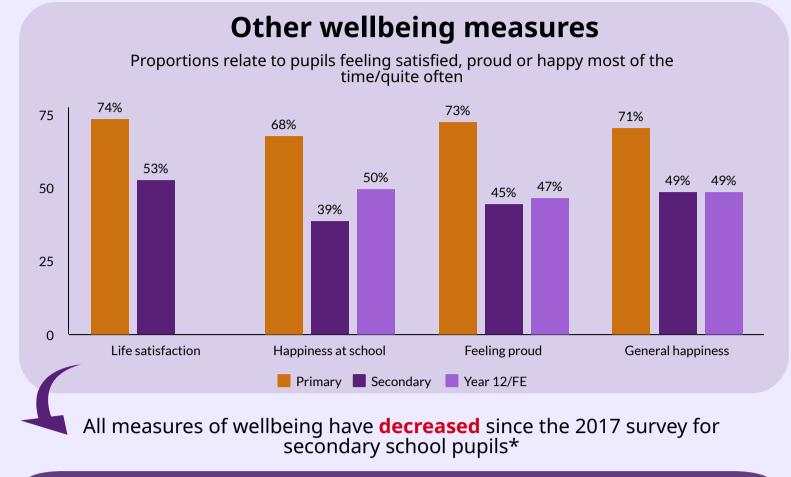
WEMWS scores:

Wellbeing

Scores from 14 positively worded statements are summed to create an overall wellbeing score between 14 and 70. A score between 42-60 is believed to be a

healthy score. **Primary** 50.9 43.5 Secondary

Year 12/FE



Life satisfaction and general happiness were lower among 10-15 year olds in the Wiltshire survey compared to national findings. (ONS, 2018)

Pupils who felt confident about the future: Confidence in the future has dropped 42% 68% by **5-8%** in all school

Primary

2017 survey *

26%

30

20

question wording, as well as the COVID-19 pandemic

phases since the

Males had higher scores than

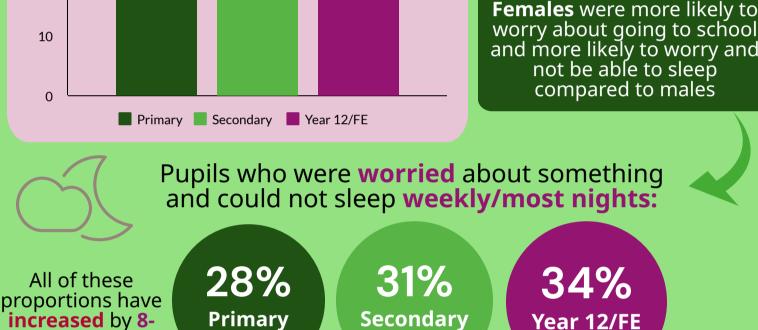
females on almost all of these wellbeing measures *Any change over time should be interpreted with caution due to changes in samples, sample size and

Secondary

Stress, worry and sleep

Pupils who strongly agreed/agreed that

35% Proportions have increased 33% by approximately 8% since the 2017 survey for secondary and year 12/FE



they worry about going to school:

worry about going to school and more likely to worry and not be able to sleep compared to males

pupils*

Year 12/FE

stressed than males *Any change over time should be interpreted with caution due to changes in samples, sample size and question wording, as well as the COVID-19 pandemic

10% among secondary and year 12/FE pupils since the **2017** survey.*

Secondary and Year 12/FE Females were pupils felt stressed about more likely to feel school work

Relationships and bullying Pupils who reported having at 74% **63%** 64% least one adult at school who

Secondary

Pupils who reported being good

or very good at making friends

Bullying frequency (sometimes or

more often) has

decreased by 5%

for year 12/FE pupils since the 2017 survey*

Cyber bullying in

least one type of **online**

(ONS, 2020)

bullying in 2020.

Year 12/FE

Primary

Over 3 in 5

The secondary proportion has **increased** by 8% since the 2017 survey*

cares about them: **72%** Year 12/FE **Primary**

64%

85%

66%

77%

Pupils who felt their school dealt well

with bullying:

question wording, as well as the COVID-19 pandemic

30%

Secondary

79%

Types of bullying: 75

50

25

0

34%

Bullying 58% of primary, **62%** of secondary and **78%** of year 12/FE pupils reported that they **had never been bullied** in the past year. **24%** of primary, **19%** of sécondary and **8%** of year 12/FE pupils were bullied sometimes or more often.

25% primary school 20% 20% phases has **increased** by **9%** since the 2017 survey* **Physical** Isolation/Exclusion Cyber Nationally, **1 in 5** children aged 10-15 in England Primary Secondary Year 12/FE and Wales experienced at

46%

Year 12/FE

31%

41% 41%

34%

Secondary **Primary** *Any change over time should be interpreted with caution due to changes in samples, sample size and

72%

mental health support at school: 51%

Year 12/FE

Males found it easier to access mental health support a **Emotional support** General support school compared to Primary Secondary 📕 Year 12/FE females

These proportions have increased slightly since the 2017 survey in both school phases, particularly for year 8 pupils* Secondary

1 in 5 of year 12/FE pupils and nearly 2 **in 5** of secondary pupils **did not** tell anyone about their self-harm or overdose

*Any change over time should be interpreted with caution due to changes in samples, sample size and

question wording, as well as the COVID-19 pandemic Sources referenced

Children's well-being measures - Office for National Statistics (ons.gov.uk)

Mental health support Pupils who got enough emotional support and enough general Pupils who found it easy to access support at school: 67% 65% 68% 60 55% **Primary** 38% 40 43% 33%

Self-harm

Secondary

For further discussion about the data in this infographic please contact the Public Health team at Wiltshire Council: publichealth@wiltshire.gov.uk

25% 20

phases

Females were more likely to report self-harming compared to males

In 2020, secondary pupils also had a lower proportion than the other school

Self-harm monthly, weekly daily:

Wiltshire Council